## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification

Veet Men Hair Removal Cream Normal Skin; Veet Men Hair Removal Cream

**Product name** 

Sensitive Skin; Veet Men Bodycurv Hair Removal Cream Sensitive Skin

SDS no.

D8229061

Formulation #

: 3102825 (Normal); 3102826 (Sensitive)

Supplier

ALIOTOALIA

: AUSTRALIA

Reckitt Benckiser (Australia) Pty Limited

ABN: 17 003 274 655

680 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000

**NEW ZEALAND** 

Reckitt Benckiser (New Zealand) Limited

2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand 0622

Tel: +64 9 484 1400

**Poison Information contact:** 

: Australia - 13 11 26

New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

<u>Uses</u>

Product use : Cosmetic Products

### 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word

: DANGER

**Hazard statements** 

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** 

: Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medical

advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** 

: Avoid breathing vapour.

Response

: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately

call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Not applicable.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	≤10	34452-51-2
White mineral oil, petroleum	≤5	8042-47-5
Slaked lime	≤5	1305-62-0
Talc	≤3	14807-96-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### 4. First-aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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### 4. First-aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code : Not applicable

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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### 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Supply chain information\* -(TDS #3102825) Not permitted to store above 50°C Not more than 15 weeks at 40°C Do not freeze Not more than 4 days above 40°C

Supply chain information\* -(TDS #3102826)

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## 7. Handling and storage

Not permitted to store above 50°C Not more than 4 weeks above 40°C Not more than 20 weeks at 40°C Do not freeze

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

**Australia** 

Occupational exposure limits

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Ind	пе	ulle	:	на	IIIE

Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt

White mineral oil, petroleum

Slaked lime

Talc

### **Exposure limits**

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Thioglycolic acid and salts] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). [Oil mist, refined mineral]

refined mineral]

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).

TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours. Form: Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 uM; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination.

#### **New Zealand**

### Occupational exposure limits

### Ingredient name

potassium mercaptoacetate

White mineral oil (petroleum)

calcium dihydroxide

Talc

### **Exposure limits**

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Thioglycolic acid and salts] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). [Oil mineral]

WES-TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist WES-STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).

WES-TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

### ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).

TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours. Form: Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 uM; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination.

# Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

Physical state: Liquid. [Cream]Colour: Not available.Odour: Not available.Odour threshold: Not available.

**pH** : 12.5

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range Not available.Not available.

Flash point : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure: Not available.Relative vapour density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble
hot water	Soluble

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not applicable.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil, petroleum	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Slaked lime	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Veet for Men Depilatory Base Cream_3102826_3102825_D8229061_ANZ	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Human	0	-	-
Slaked lime Talc	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human		10 mg 72 hours 300 ug I	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin On the basis of test data: Non-irritating to the skin.

Eyes Calculation method Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sensitisation** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin** May cause allergic reactions in certain individuals.

**Respiratory** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

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## 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Potential immediate** 

effects

Not available

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity

Developmental effects

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Slaked lime	Acute LC50 33884.4 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Clarias gariepinus - Fingerling	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
White mineral oil, petroleum	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil, petroleum	>6	-	high

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.

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## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not scheduled

**Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)**  All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** 

All components are listed or exempted.

**HSNO Group Standard HSNO Approval Number Approved Handler** 

Cosmetic product HSR002552

Requirement

No.

**Tracking Requirement** 

No.

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### 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

SWA = Safe Work Australia

HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

Date of issue / Date of

revision

: 10/06/2023

Version : 1L

(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Expert judgment Expert judgment

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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